

May 18, 2020

Vice President Mike Pence Office of the Vice President 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20500

Robert Wilkie Secretary U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs 810 Vermont Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20420 Richard Stone, M.D. Executive in Charge Veterans Health Administration 810 Vermont Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20420

Dear Vice President Pence, Secretary Wilkie, and Executive Stone:

On behalf of the 47 undersigned organizations representing the Nursing Community Coalition, we write in support of the Department of Veterans Affairs' (VA) Directive 1899 to remove barriers to practice and allow for Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetists (CRNAs) to practice to the full extent of their education and abilities, especially as our nation combats COVID-19. We recognize that, particularly during these unprecedented times, ensuring the health care of our veterans and patients across the country is crucial. By providing anesthesia services across the entire care continuum, CRNAs not only bring much needed support and expertise during this crisis, but their full range of skills are imperative in the future as well. Therefore, we support Directive 1899 and strongly urge the VA to make CRNAs full practice authority permanent.

The members of the Nursing Community Coalition are the cross section of education, practice, research, and regulation within the nursing profession and have long supported full practice authority for all Advanced Practice Registered Nurses (APRNs)¹, especially within the VA. As outlined in the recommendations of the Institute of Medicine, now the National Academy of Medicine, report *The Future of Nursing: Leading Change, Advancing Health*, APRNs should be able to practice to the full extent of their education and training.² This is also consistent with both the bipartisan Commission on Care's recommendations for the VA to allow all APRNs full practice authority³, along with RAND's Independent Assessment of the VA, which made the same recommendation.⁴ We recognize that the

¹ APRNs include certified nurse-midwives (CNMs), certified registered nurse anesthetists (CRNAs), clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) and nurse practitioners (NPs).

² Institute of Medicine (IOM), National Academy of Medicine (NAM). *The future of nursing: leading change, advancing health*. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press, 2011.Retrieved from: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24983041

³ Commission on Care. *Final Report of the Commission on Care*. Washington, DC, 2016. Retrieved from: https://s3.amazonaws.com/sitesusa/wp-content/uploads/sites/912/2016/07/Commission-on-Care Final-Report 063016 FOR-WEB.pdf

⁴ RAND Corporation. Section 201: Independent Assessment of the Health Care Delivery Systems and Management Processes of the Department of Veterans Affairs. Washington, DC. 2015. Retrieved from:

contributions of our nurses and APRNs, are critical to the delivery of high-quality, lifesaving, preventive, and palliative health care across all care settings, geographic areas, and social determinants of health.

As our nation grapples with this pandemic, we have seen CRNAs answer the call by providing critical lifesaving care and performing some of the most dangerous procedures, such as, intubation and airway management. Allowing CRNAs to practice independently during these difficult times illustrates CRNAs extensive education and training, as well as their expertise in providing high-quality care for their patients and our nation's veterans. This comes as no surprise, as various studies, recommendations, and outcomes have consistently found what we are now seeing in live time, that anesthesia care by CRNAs is equally safe with or without physician supervision.⁵

Full practice authority of CRNAs is not new or just in times of emergencies. In fact, other federal health care systems, the Army, Navy, and Air Force, have been utilizing full practice authority for CRNAs.⁶ In addition to their skill set in general anesthesia, CRNAs are also taking the lead on non-opioid or opioid sparing pain management practices, a critical skill in light of the ongoing opioid epidemic and the prevalence of chronic pain among veterans. CRNAs are engaging in advanced fellowships and utilizing enhanced recovery techniques to reduce dependence on opioids in pain management, a program supported by the Army Surgeon General.⁷

Granting full practice authority to the VA's CRNA workforce during and after the emergency would also align with principles outlined with the President's October 2019 Executive Order aimed at *Protecting and Improving Medicare for Our Nation's Seniors*. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services have already taken action to remove physician supervision requirements from CRNAs during the public health emergency, creating additional precedent within the federal government for the VA to follow.

We commend the implementation of Directive 1899 and urge swift action by the VA to make full practice authority for CRNAs permanent. Our nation's veterans and their families deserve access to timely, cost effective, and high-quality care within the VA health system, and removing these barriers for CRNAs helps meet this aim. If our organizations can be of any assistance, or if you have any questions, please contact the Nursing Community Coalition's Executive Director, Rachel Stevenson at rstevenson@thenursingcommunity.org or at 202-463-6930, ext. 271.

Sincerely,

Academy of Medical-Surgical Nurses
American Academy of Ambulatory Care Nursing
American Academy of Nursing
American Association of Colleges of Nursing
American Association of Critical-Care Nurses
American Association of Heart Failure Nurses
American Association of Neuroscience Nurses
American Association of Nurse Anesthetists
American Association of Nurse Practitioners
American College of Nurse-Midwives

⁵ Dulisse, B., & Cromwell, J. (2010). No harm found when nurse anesthetists work without supervision by physicians. Health Affairs, 29,1469-1475.Retrieved from: https://www.healthaffairs.org/doi/full/10.1377/hlthaff.2008.0966

⁶ Department of the Army, Army Regulation, *Medical Services: Clinical Quality Management*, 2009 p.26 Retrieved from: https://www.gmo.amedd.army.mil/credentialing/FY%2004/Regulations/AR%2040-68.pdf

⁷ Blair, Jenny. *Fellowship Program Trains Nurse Anesthetists to Treat Chronic Pain.* TCU Magazine. 2019. Retrieved from: https://magazine.tcu.edu/winter-2019/fellowship-program-trains-nurse-anesthetists-to-treat-chronic-pain/

American Nephrology Nurses Association

American Nurses Association

American Nursing Informatics Association

American Organization for Nursing Leadership

American Pediatric Surgical Nurses Association, Inc.

American Public Health Association, Public Health Nursing Section

American Psychiatric Nurses Association

American Society for Pain Management Nursing

Association for Radiologic and Imaging Nursing

Association of Community Health Nursing Educators

Association of Nurses in AIDS Care

Association of periOperative Registered Nurses

Association of Public Health Nurses

Association of Veterans Affairs Nurse Anesthetists

Association of Women's Health, Obstetric and Neonatal Nurses

Chi Eta Phi Sorority, Incorporated

Commissioned Officers Association of the U.S. Public Health Service

Dermatology Nurses' Association

Friends of the National Institute of Nursing Research

Gerontological Advanced Practice Nurses Association

Infusion Nurses Society

International Association of Forensic Nurses

International Society of Psychiatric-Mental Health Nurses

National Association of Clinical Nurse Specialists

National Association of Hispanic Nurses

National Association of Nurse Practitioners in Women's Health

National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners

National Association of School Nurses

National Council of State Boards of Nursing

National League for Nursing

National Nurse-Led Care Consortium

National Organization of Nurse Practitioner Faculties

Nurses Organization of Veterans Affairs

Oncology Nursing Society

Organization for Associate Degree Nursing

Society of Pediatric Nurses

Society of Urologic Nurses and Associates

CC:

VHA Chief Nursing Officer Beth Taylor, DHA RN, NEA-BC

Chairman, Ranking Member, and Members, Senate Committee on Veterans Affairs Chairman, Ranking Member, and Members, House Committee on Veterans Affairs